

Recent results from the general moment method

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Overview

- General moment equations
 - Linearized collision operators Ji Held, PoP 2006 2008
 - Nonlinear collision terms Ji Held PoP 2009
- Analytic solution for a uniform plasma Ji Held, Phys. Rev. E 2010
- Parallel closures for general collisionality
 - Heat flow Ji Held Sovinec, PoP 2009
 - Viscosity Ji Held, J Fusion Energy 2009
- High collisionality closures for electron-ion plasmas
 - Electrons: require more moments
 - Ions: keep ion-electron operator and time derivative terms
- General collisionality closures in a strong magnetic field NIMROD meeting
October 2009

General moment equations

- Landau (Fokker-Planck) kinetic equation

$$\frac{\partial f_a}{\partial t} + \mathbf{v} \cdot \nabla f_a + \frac{q_a}{m_a} (\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}) \cdot \frac{\partial f_a}{\partial \mathbf{v}} = \sum_b C(f_a, f_b) \quad (+X + I + R)$$

- Moment expansion

$$f_a(t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v}) = f_a^M \sum_{lk} \mathbf{m}_a^{lk}(t, \mathbf{x}) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{p}}_a^{lk} \quad \text{with} \quad f_a^M = \frac{n_a}{\pi^{3/2} v_{Ta}^3} \exp(-c_a^2)$$

$$n_a^{lk} \equiv n_a \mathbf{m}_a^{lk}(t, \mathbf{x}) = \int d\mathbf{v} \hat{\mathbf{p}}_a^{lk} f_a(t, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{v})$$

where $\hat{\mathbf{p}}^{lk}$'s are orthonormal polynomials of $\mathbf{c}_a = (\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{V}_a)/v_{Ta}$

- General moment equations: $\int d\mathbf{v} \hat{\mathbf{p}}^{jp}(\text{kinetic eq.}) \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned} d_a n_a^{jp} + \Omega_a \mathbf{b} \times n_a^{jp} + \{ \hat{\Xi}^j(d_a \ln T) + \hat{U}_c^j \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} + \hat{U}_l^j (\nabla \mathbf{V}) \cdot + \hat{U}_r^j (\nabla \mathbf{V}) \cdot \}_{pk} n_a^{jk} \\ + \{ v_T \hat{\Psi}^{j\pm} \nabla + v_T \hat{\Phi}^{j\pm} \nabla \ln T + v_T^{-1} \hat{\Theta}^{j\pm} \mathbf{a}_a \}_{pk} (\cdot) n_a^{j\pm 1, k} \\ + \hat{U}_{pk}^{j\pm} \nabla \mathbf{V} (\cdot) n_a^{j\pm 2, k} = (\hat{C}_{aa}^{jpk} + \hat{A}_{ab}^{jpk}) n_a^{jk} + \hat{B}_{ab}^{jpk} n_b^{jk} + C_{ab}^{(2)jp} \end{aligned}$$

where $d_a \equiv \partial_t + \mathbf{V}_a \cdot \nabla$ and $\mathbf{a}_a \equiv \frac{q_a}{m_a} (\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{V}_a \times \mathbf{B}) - d_a \mathbf{V}_a$

► Farewell to the velocity variable \mathbf{v}

Several low order moments

$\mathbf{p}^{lk} = \mathbf{P}^l(\mathbf{c})L_k^l(c^2)$	$L_k^l = L_k^{(l+\frac{1}{2})}$	n^{lk}	fluid moment equation	indep.
$\mathbf{P}^0 = 1$	$L_0^0 = 1$	n	density	1
	$L_1^0 = \frac{3}{2} - c^2$	0	temperature	1
$\mathbf{P}^1 = \mathbf{c}$	$L_0^1 = 1$	0	flow velocity	3
	$L_1^1 = \frac{5}{2} - c^2$	n^{11}	heat flow (\mathbf{h})	3
	$L_2^1 = \frac{35}{8} - \frac{7}{2}c^2 + \frac{1}{2}c^4$	n^{12}	heat w. heat flow	3
$\mathbf{P}^2 = \mathbf{c}\mathbf{c} - \frac{c^2}{3}\mathbf{I}$	$L_0^2 = 1$	n^{20}	viscosity ($\boldsymbol{\pi}$)	5
	$L_1^2 = \frac{7}{2} - c^2$	n^{21}	heat viscosity	5

Moment equations for closures

- Maxwellian moment (n_a, \mathbf{V}_a, T_a) equations

$$(0, 0) : \quad d_a n_a + n_a \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}_a = 0$$

$$(0, 1) : \quad \frac{3}{2} n_a d_a T_a + n_a T_a \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}_a + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{h}_a + \nabla \mathbf{V}_a : \boldsymbol{\pi}_a = Q_a$$

$$(1, 0) : \quad \underbrace{m_a n_a d_a \mathbf{V}_a - n_a q_a (\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{V}_a \times \mathbf{B})}_{-m_a n_a \mathbf{a}_a} + \nabla p_a + \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\pi}_a = \mathbf{R}_a$$

- Non-Maxwellian moment equations $(j, p) \neq (0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0)$

$$\hat{D}_a \mathbf{n}_a + \Omega_a \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}_a = (\hat{C}_{aa} + \hat{A}_{ab}) \mathbf{n}_a + \mathbf{G}_a + \hat{B}_{ab} \mathbf{n}_b + \hat{C}_a^{(2)}$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{n}_a = (n_a^{02}, n_a^{03}, \dots, \mathbf{n}_a^{11}, n_a^{12}, \dots, \mathbf{n}_a^{20}, n_a^{21}, \dots, \dots)^T,$$

$$\mathbf{G}_a^1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \frac{n_a v_{Ta}}{T_a} \nabla T_a + \delta_{ae} \sqrt{2} a_{ei}^{110} \frac{n_e}{\tau_{ei}} \frac{\mathbf{V}_{ei}}{v_{Te}} \\ \delta_{ae} a_{ei}^{120} \frac{n_e}{\tau_{ei}} \frac{\mathbf{V}_{ei}}{v_{Te}} \\ \delta_{ae} a_{ei}^{130} \frac{n_e}{\tau_{ei}} \frac{\mathbf{V}_{ei}}{v_{Te}} \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{G}_a^2 = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} n_a W_a \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix},$$

$$a_{ei}^{1p0} = -\sqrt{\frac{3(p+\frac{1}{2})!}{(2p+3)p!(\frac{1}{2})!}}, \quad \text{and } W = \nabla \mathbf{V} + (\nabla \mathbf{V})^T - \frac{2}{3} |\nabla \cdot \mathbf{V}$$

General moment equations

⇒ 21 moment (5+N{n¹¹, n¹², n²⁰, n²¹}) equations (here $\dot{\nabla} \equiv v_T \nabla$)

$$d_t n^{11} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{20} + \sqrt{\frac{7}{5}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{21} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} n \dot{\nabla} \ln T + \Omega \mathbf{b} \times n^{11} = \hat{C}_{10}^1 \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{ei} + \hat{C}_{11}^1 n^{11} + \hat{C}_{12}^1 n^{12}$$

$$(l.h.s.) : -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \dot{\nabla} n^{02} + \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \frac{2}{v_T} \mathbf{a} \cdot n^{20} + \frac{3}{2} d_t \ln T n^{11} + \dot{\nabla} \ln T \cdot \left(-\frac{9}{\sqrt{10}} n^{20} + \sqrt{\frac{28}{5}} n^{21}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{7}{5} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} n^{11} + \frac{7}{5} \underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V} \cdot n^{11} + \frac{2}{5} \nabla \underline{\mathbf{V}} \cdot n^{11} - \sqrt{\frac{8}{3}} \dot{\nabla} \ln T n^{02} - \sqrt{\frac{12}{5}} \nabla \mathbf{V} : n^{30}$$

$$d_t n^{12} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{21} + \sqrt{\frac{7}{6}} \dot{\nabla} n^{02} - \dot{\nabla} n^{03} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{22} + \Omega \mathbf{b} \times n^{12} = \hat{C}_{20}^1 \hat{\mathbf{V}}_{ei} + \hat{C}_{21}^1 n^{11} + \hat{C}_{22}^1 n^{12}$$

$$(l.h.s.) : + \frac{4}{\sqrt{5} v_T} \mathbf{a} \cdot n^{21} + d_t \ln T (-\sqrt{7} n^{11} + \frac{5}{2} n^{12}) + \dot{\nabla} \ln T \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{14}{5}} n^{20} - \frac{13}{\sqrt{5}} n^{21} + \frac{9}{\sqrt{5}} n^{22}\right)$$

$$- \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{5} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} n^{11} - \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{5} \underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V} \cdot n^{11} - \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{5} \nabla \underline{\mathbf{V}} \cdot n^{11} + \frac{9}{5} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} n^{12} + \frac{9}{5} \underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V} \cdot n^{12} + \frac{4}{5} \nabla \underline{\mathbf{V}} \cdot n^{12}$$

$$+ \nabla \mathbf{V} : \left(\sqrt{\frac{48}{35}} n^{30} - \sqrt{\frac{216}{35}} n^{31}\right) - \sqrt{\frac{14}{3}} \frac{1}{v_T} \mathbf{a} n^{02} + \dot{\nabla} \ln T \left(\sqrt{\frac{175}{6}} n^{02} - 3 n^{03}\right)$$

$$d_t n^{20} - \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \dot{\nabla} n^{11} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{30} + \sqrt{2} n \overline{\nabla \mathbf{V}} + \Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} n^{20} = \hat{C}_{00}^2 n^{20} + \hat{C}_{01}^2 n^{21}$$

$$(l.h.s.) : + d_t \ln T n^{20} - \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \dot{\nabla} \ln T n^{11} + \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} n^{20} + 2 \underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V} \cdot n^{20} + \sqrt{\frac{27}{8}} \nabla \ln T \cdot n^{30}$$

$$d_t n^{21} + \sqrt{\frac{7}{5}} \dot{\nabla} n^{11} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} \dot{\nabla} n^{12} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{30} + \sqrt{\frac{27}{14}} \dot{\nabla} \cdot n^{31} + \Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} n^{21} = \hat{C}_{10}^2 n^{20} + \hat{C}_{11}^2 n^{21}$$

$$(l.h.s.) : - \sqrt{\frac{7}{5}} \frac{2}{v_T} \mathbf{a} n^{11} + \dot{\nabla} \ln T \left(\frac{7}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{5}} n^{11} - \sqrt{5} n^{12}\right) + d_t \ln T (2 n^{21} - \sqrt{\frac{7}{2}} n^{20})$$

$$- \sqrt{\frac{2}{7}} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} n^{20} - \sqrt{\frac{8}{7}} \underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V} \cdot n^{20} - \sqrt{\frac{8}{7}} \nabla \underline{\mathbf{V}} \cdot n^{20} + \frac{9}{7} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} n^{21} + \frac{18}{7} \underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V} \cdot n^{21} + \frac{4}{7} \nabla \underline{\mathbf{V}} \cdot n^{21}$$

$$+ \sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} \frac{2}{v_T} \mathbf{a} \cdot n^{30} - \dot{\nabla} \ln T \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{108}{7}} n^{30} + \frac{15}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3}{14}} n^{31}\right) - \sqrt{\frac{56}{15}} \nabla \mathbf{V} n^{02} - \sqrt{\frac{24}{7}} \nabla \mathbf{V} : n^{40}$$

Ordering for electron transport $\epsilon \sim \frac{v_T \tau_{ee}}{|\nabla|^{-1}} \ll 1$, $\mu \equiv \frac{m_e}{m_i}$, $\hat{\mathbf{V}} \equiv \frac{\mathbf{V}_{ei}}{v_{Te}}$

- Transport ordering $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = O(\epsilon^2) \Rightarrow \partial_t n_e^{jp}, \partial_t \mathbf{V}_e(\cdot) n_e^{j\pm 1,p}, (\partial_t \ln T_e) n_e^{jp}$

$$\frac{3}{2} n_e d_e \ln T_e + \dots = 3 \frac{m_e}{m_i} \frac{n_e}{\tau_{ei}} \left(\frac{T_i}{T_e} - 1 \right) - \frac{1}{T_e} \mathbf{V}_{ei} \cdot \mathbf{R}_e$$

$$\underbrace{m_e n_e d_e \mathbf{V}_e + n_e e (\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{V}_e \times \mathbf{B})}_{-m_e n_e \mathbf{a}_e} + \dots = -\frac{m_e n_e}{\tau_{ei}} \mathbf{V}_{ei} + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{d_e n_e^{jp}}_{\epsilon^2} + \Omega_e \mathbf{b} \check{\times} n_e^{jp} + \underbrace{\{ \hat{\Xi}^j (d_e \ln T) + \hat{U}_c^j \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} + \hat{U}_l^j (\underline{\nabla} \mathbf{V}) \cdot + \hat{U}_r^j (\nabla \underline{\mathbf{V}}) \cdot \}}_{\mu, \hat{\mathbf{V}}^2} \}_{pk} n_e^{jk}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\{ v_T \hat{\Psi}^{j\pm} \nabla + v_T \hat{\Phi}^{j\pm} \nabla \ln T + \hat{\Theta}^{j\pm} \underbrace{v_T^{-1} \mathbf{a}_e}_{\hat{\mathbf{V}}} \}}_{\epsilon} \}_{pk} (\cdot) n_e^{j\pm 1,k}$$

$$+ \hat{U}_{pk}^{j\pm} \underbrace{\nabla \mathbf{V}(\cdot)}_{\epsilon} n_e^{j\pm 2,k} = \frac{1}{\tau_{ee}} (c_{ee}^{jpk} + Z a_{ei}^{jpk}) n_e^{jk} + G_e^{jp} + \underbrace{\hat{B}_{ei}^{jpk}}_{\mu} n_i^{jk} + \underbrace{C_e^{(2)jp}}_{\epsilon^2}$$

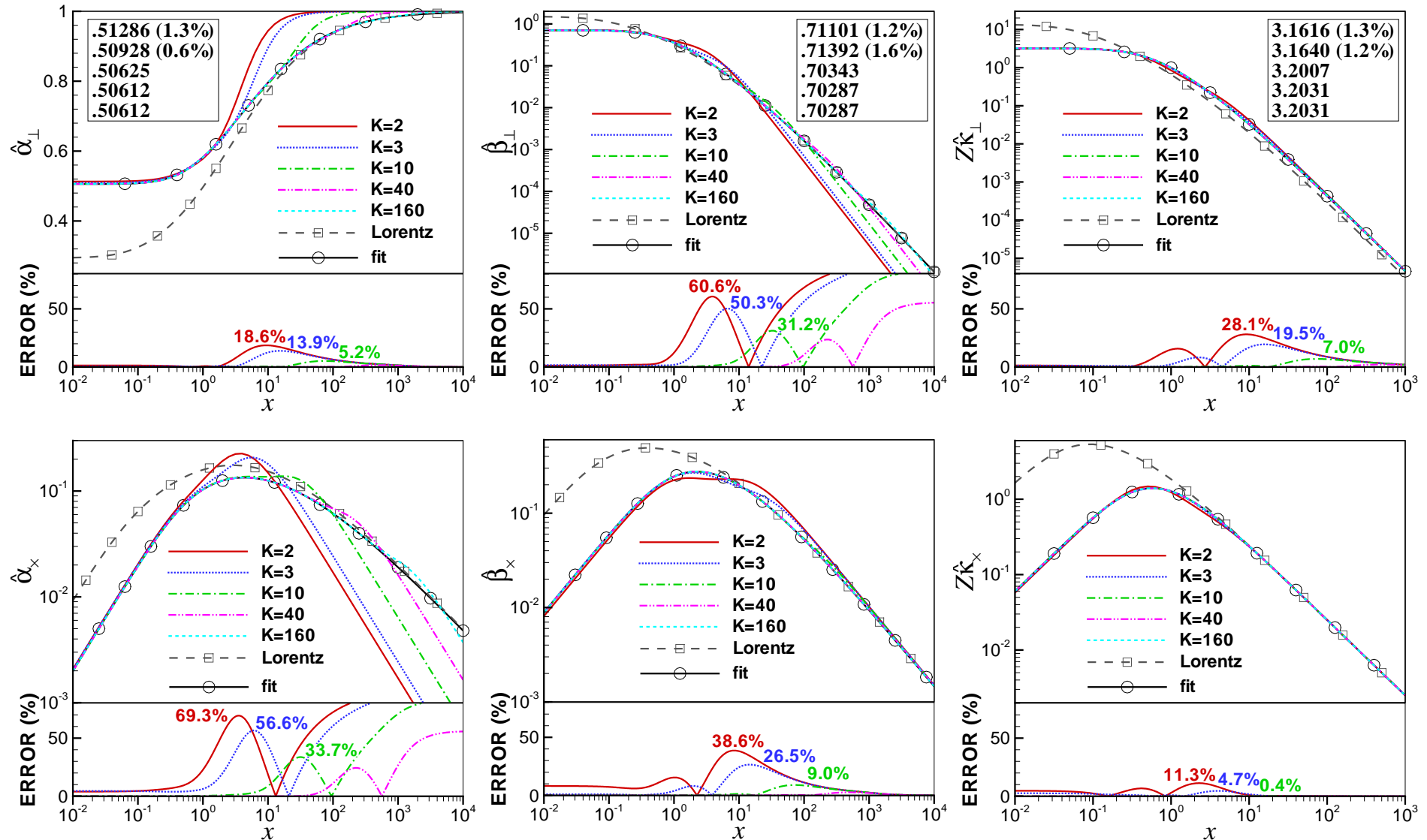
- Moment equations (2×2) for high collisionality ($r = \Omega_e \tau_{ee}$, $\hat{\mathbf{V}} = v_T \tau_{ee} \nabla$)

$$\begin{pmatrix} -r \mathbf{b} \times n^{11} \\ -r \mathbf{b} \times n^{12} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_{11}^1 & c_{12}^1 \\ c_{21}^1 & c_{22}^1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} n^{11} \\ n^{12} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \hat{\mathbf{V}} \ln T + \sqrt{2} Z a_{ei}^{110} \hat{\mathbf{V}} \\ \sqrt{2} Z a_{ei}^{120} \hat{\mathbf{V}} \end{pmatrix}$$

Convergence study with increasing moments ($Z = 1$)

$$\mathbf{R}_e = -\alpha_{\parallel} \mathbf{V}_{ei\parallel} - \alpha_{\perp} \mathbf{V}_{ei\perp} + \alpha_{\times} \mathbf{V}_{ei\times} - \beta_{\parallel} \nabla_{\parallel} T_e - \beta_{\perp} \nabla_{\perp} T_e - \beta_{\times} \nabla_{\times} T_e$$

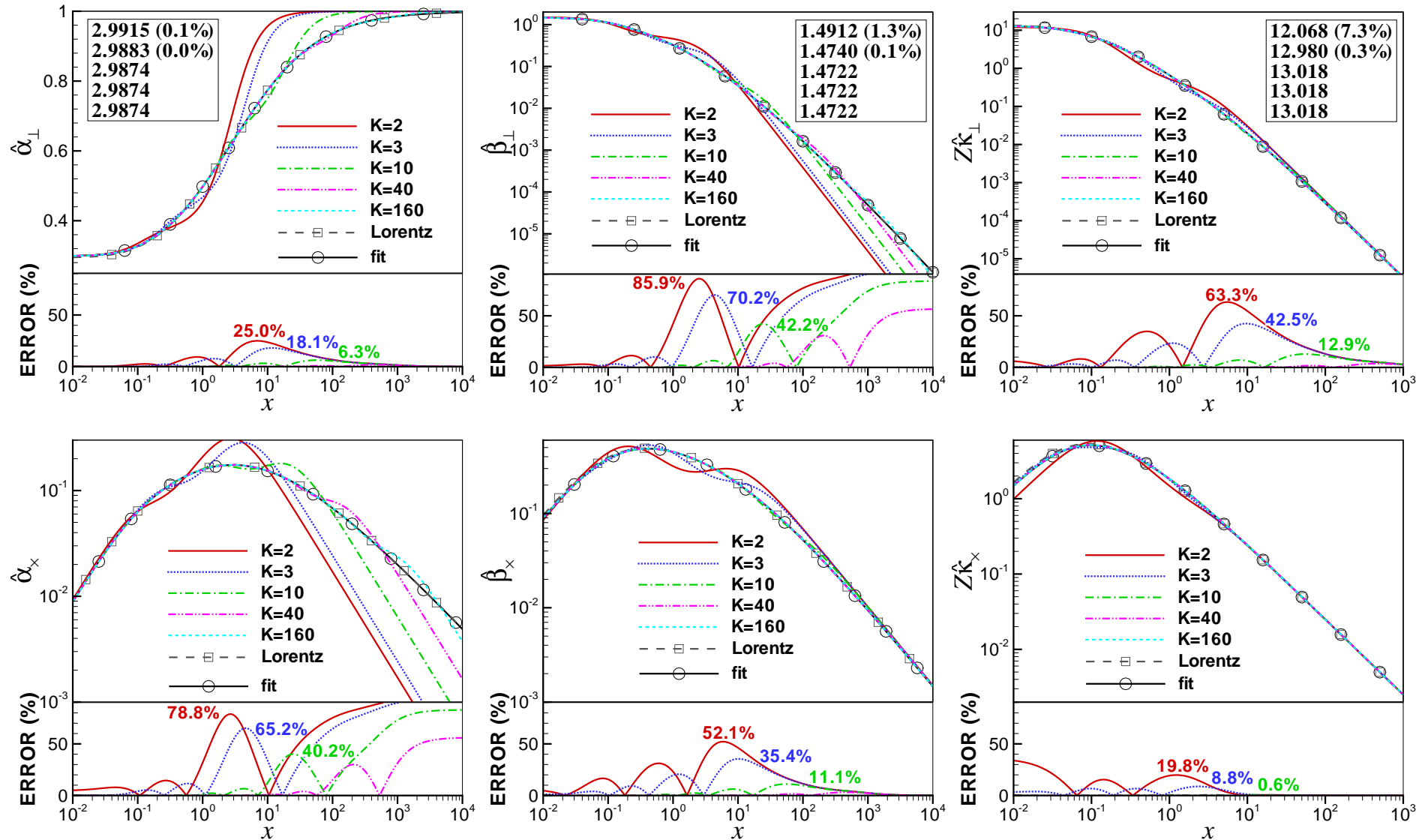
$$\mathbf{h}_e = T_e (\beta_{\parallel} \mathbf{V}_{ei\parallel} + \hat{\beta}_{\perp} \mathbf{V}_{ei\perp} + \hat{\beta}_{\times} \mathbf{V}_{ei\times}) - \kappa_{\parallel} \nabla_{\parallel} T_e - \kappa_{\perp} \nabla_{\perp} T_e - \kappa_{\times} \nabla_{\times} T_e$$



Convergence study with increasing moments ($Z = 100$)

$$\mathbf{R}_e = -\alpha_{\parallel} \mathbf{V}_{ei\parallel} - \alpha_{\perp} \mathbf{V}_{ei\perp} + \alpha_{\times} \mathbf{V}_{ei\times} - \beta_{\parallel} \nabla_{\parallel} T_e - \beta_{\perp} \nabla_{\perp} T_e - \beta_{\times} \nabla_{\times} T_e$$

$$\mathbf{h}_e = T_e (\beta_{\parallel} \mathbf{V}_{ei\parallel} + \hat{\beta}_{\perp} \mathbf{V}_{ei\perp} + \hat{\beta}_{\times} \mathbf{V}_{ei\times}) - \kappa_{\parallel} \nabla_{\parallel} T_e - \kappa_{\perp} \nabla_{\perp} T_e - \kappa_{\times} \nabla_{\times} T_e$$



Electron coefficients (160 moment sol.+asympt. sol.)

	Braginskii	Epperlein & Haines (1986)	this work
$\hat{\alpha}_\perp$	$1 - \frac{\alpha'_1 x^2 + \alpha'_0}{x^4 + \delta_1 x^2 + \delta_0}$	$1 - \frac{\alpha'_1 x + \alpha'_0}{x^2 + a'_1 x + a'_0}$	$1 - \frac{1.462 Z^{\frac{2}{3}} r + \alpha_0 (1 - \hat{\alpha}_\parallel)}{r^{\frac{5}{3}} + \alpha_2 r^{\frac{4}{3}} + \alpha_1 r + \alpha_0}$
$\hat{\alpha}_\times$	$\frac{x(\alpha''_1 x^2 + \alpha''_0)}{x^4 + \delta_1 x^2 + \delta_0}$	$\frac{x(\alpha''_1 x + \alpha''_0)}{(x^3 + a''_2 x^2 + a''_1 x + a''_0)^{8/9}}$	$\frac{Z^{\frac{2}{3}} r (2.532 r + a_0/a_5)}{r^{\frac{8}{3}} + a_4 r^{\frac{7}{3}} + a_3 r^2 + a_2 r^{\frac{5}{3}} + a_1 r + a_0}$
$\hat{\beta}_\perp$	$\frac{\beta'_1 x^2 + \beta'_0}{x^4 + \delta_1 x^2 + \delta_0}$	$\frac{\beta'_1 x + \beta'_0}{(x^3 + b'_2 x^2 + b'_1 x + b'_0)^{8/9}}$	$\frac{6.330 Z^{\frac{5}{3}} r + \beta_0 \hat{\beta}_\parallel}{r^{\frac{8}{3}} + \beta_4 r^{\frac{7}{3}} + \beta_3 r^2 + \beta_2 r^{\frac{5}{3}} + \beta_1 r + \beta_0}$
$\hat{\beta}_\times$	$\frac{x(\beta''_1 x^2 + \beta''_0)}{x^4 + \delta_1 x^2 + \delta_0}$	$\frac{x(\beta''_1 x + \beta''_0)}{x^3 + b''_2 x^2 + b''_1 x + b''_0}$	$\frac{Z r (\frac{3}{2} r + b_0/b_5)}{r^3 + b_4 r^{\frac{7}{3}} + b_3 r^2 + b_2 r^{\frac{5}{3}} + b_1 r + b_0}$
$\hat{\kappa}_\perp$	$\frac{\gamma'_1 x^2 + \gamma'_0}{x^4 + \delta_1 x^2 + \delta_0}$	$\frac{\gamma'_1 x + \gamma'_0}{x^3 + c'_2 x^2 + c'_1 x + c'_0}$	$\frac{(\frac{14}{3} Z + \sqrt{2}) r + \kappa_0 \hat{\kappa}_\parallel^e}{r^3 + \kappa_4 r^{\frac{7}{3}} + \kappa_3 r^2 + \kappa_2 r^{\frac{5}{3}} + \kappa_1 r + \kappa_0}$
$\hat{\kappa}_\times$	$\frac{x(\gamma''_1 x^2 + \gamma''_0)}{x^4 + \delta_1 x^2 + \delta_0}$	$\frac{x(\gamma''_1 x + \gamma''_0)}{x^3 + c''_2 x^2 + c''_1 x + c''_0}$	$\frac{r (\frac{5}{2} r + k_0/k_5)}{r^3 + k_4 r^{\frac{7}{3}} + k_3 r^2 + k_2 r^{\frac{5}{3}} + k_1 r + k_0}$
Error		less than 15 %	less than 1%
Z =	1, 2, 3, 4, ∞	1 - 8, 10, 12, 14, 20, 30, 60, ∞	arbitrary (function of Z)

Coefficients of the rational polynomials of α_A , β_A , and κ_A

	$Z = 1$	$Z = 2$	arbitrary Z		$Z = 1$	$Z = 2$	arbitrary Z
$\hat{\alpha}_{\parallel}$	0.504	0.431	$1 - \frac{Z^{\frac{2}{3}}}{1.46Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 0.330Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.888}$	a_1	11.22	21.27	$2.18Z^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5.31Z + 3.73$
α_0	2.13	3.078	$0.623Z^{\frac{5}{3}} - 2.61Z^{\frac{4}{3}} + 3.56Z + 0.557$	a_2	7.35	15.41	$7.41Z + 1.11Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 1.17$
α_1	2.97	3.997	$2.24Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 1.11Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1.84$	a_3	6.14	7.253	$3.89Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 4.51Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6.76$
α_2	-0.081	-0.106	$-0.0983Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.0176$	a_4	2.541	3.128	$2.26Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.281$
a_0	4.093	9.250	$0.0759Z^{\frac{8}{3}} + 0.897Z^2 + 2.06Z + 1.06$	a_5	5.07	9.671	$1.18Z^{\frac{5}{3}} - 1.03Z^{\frac{4}{3}} + 3.60Z + 1.32$
$\hat{\beta}_{\parallel}$	0.702	0.905	$\frac{Z^{\frac{5}{3}}}{0.693Z^{\frac{5}{3}} - 0.279Z^{\frac{4}{3}} + Z + 0.01}$	b_0	1.074	1.980	$\frac{6.87Z^3 + 78.2Z^2 + 623Z + 366}{1000}$
β_0	3.52	10.55	$0.156Z^{\frac{5}{3}} + 0.994Z^2 + 3.21Z - 0.84$	b_1	1.281	2.66	$0.134Z^2 + 0.977Z + 0.17$
β_1	8.23	20.03	$3.69Z^{\frac{5}{3}} + 3.77Z + 0.77$	b_2	4.896	6.746	$0.689Z^{\frac{4}{3}} - 0.377Z^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3.94Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.644$
β_2	5.31	13.87	$9.43Z + 4.22Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 12.9Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 4.56$	b_3	-2.29	-2.605	$-0.109Z + 1.33Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3.80Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.289$
β_3	3.99	5.955	$2.70Z^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1.46Z^{\frac{1}{3}} - 0.17$	b_4	2.98	4.425	$2.46Z^{\frac{2}{3}} + 0.522$
β_4	2.75	3.421	$2.58Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.17$	b_5	1.131	2.202	$0.102Z^2 + 0.746Z + 0.072Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 0.211$
$\hat{\kappa}_{\parallel}^e$	3.204	2.464	$\frac{13.5Z^2 + 54.4Z + 25.2}{Z^3 + 8.35Z^2 + 15.2Z + 4.51}$	k_0	0.222	0.269	$\frac{0.0396Z^3 + 46.3Z + 176}{1000}$
κ_0	0.936	1.749	$\frac{9.91Z^3 + 75.3Z^2 + 518Z + 333}{1000}$	k_1	0.343	0.580	$\frac{15.4Z^3 + 188Z^2 + 240Z + 35.3}{1000Z + 397}$
κ_1	1.166	5.644	$\frac{0.211Z^3 + 12.7Z^2 + 48.4Z + 6.45}{Z + 57.1}$	k_2	0.655	0.252	$\frac{-0.159Z^2 - 12.5Z + 34.1}{Z^{\frac{2}{3}} + 0.741Z^{\frac{1}{3}} + 31.0}$
κ_2	-1.635	-2.212	$\frac{0.932Z^{\frac{4}{3}} + 0.135Z^2 + 12.3Z + 8.77}{Z + 4.84}$	k_3	0.899	1.626	$\frac{0.431Z^2 + 3.69Z + 0.0314}{Z + 3.62}$
κ_3	-1.635	-2.212	$\frac{0.246Z^3 + 2.65Z^2 - 92.8Z - 1.96}{Z^2 + 19.9Z + 35.3}$	k_4	-0.110	-0.201	$\frac{0.0258Z^2 - 1.63Z + 0.711}{Z^{\frac{4}{3}} + 4.36Z^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2.75}$
κ_4	2.370	4.129	$\frac{2.76Z^{\frac{5}{3}} - 0.836Z^{\frac{2}{3}} - 0.0611}{Z - 0.214}$	k_5	6.027	3.918	$\frac{Z^3 + 11.9Z^2 + 28.8Z + 9.07}{173Z + 133}$

Ordering for ion transport $\epsilon \sim \frac{v_T \tau_{ii}}{|\nabla|^{-1}} \ll 1$

- Transport ordering $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = O(\epsilon^2)? \Rightarrow \partial_t n_i^{jp}, \partial_t \mathbf{V}_i(\cdot) n_i^{j\pm 1, p}, (\partial_t \ln T_i) n_i^{jp}$

Use $\frac{n_e}{\tau_{ei}} = \frac{1}{Z} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mu \theta^3}} \frac{n_i}{\tau_{ii}}, \quad \mu \equiv \frac{m_e}{m_i}, \quad \theta \equiv \frac{T_e}{T_i}$ to write

$$\frac{3}{2} n_i d_i \ln T_i + \dots = -3 \frac{n_i}{\tau_{ii}} \left[\frac{1}{Z} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} \left(\frac{1}{\theta} - 1 \right) \right] \quad \left[= -3 \frac{m_e}{m_i} \frac{n_e}{\tau_{ei}} \left(\frac{T_i}{T_e} - 1 \right) \right]$$

$$\underbrace{m_i n_i d_i \mathbf{V}_i - n_i q_i (\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{V}_i \times \mathbf{B})}_{-m_i n_i \mathbf{a}_i} + \dots = \frac{m_e}{Z} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mu \theta^3}} \frac{n_i}{\tau_{ii}} \mathbf{V}_{ei} + \dots$$

$$\underbrace{d_i n_i^{jp}}_{\epsilon^2} + \Omega_i \mathbf{b} \check{\times} n_i^{jp} + \underbrace{\{ \hat{\Xi}^j (d_i \ln T) \}}_{\sqrt{\mu/\theta^3}} + \underbrace{\{ \hat{U}_c^j \nabla \cdot \mathbf{V} + \hat{U}_l^j (\nabla \mathbf{V}) \cdot + \hat{U}_r^j (\nabla \mathbf{V}) \cdot \}}_{\epsilon} \}_{pk} n_i^{jk}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\{ v_T \hat{\Psi}^{j\pm} \nabla + v_T \hat{\Phi}^{j\pm} \nabla \ln T \}}_{\epsilon} + \underbrace{\hat{\Theta}^{j\pm} v_T^{-1} \mathbf{a}_i}_{\sqrt{\mu} \hat{V}} \}_{pk} (\cdot) n_i^{j\pm 1, k}$$

$$+ \hat{U}_{pk}^{j\pm} \underbrace{\nabla \mathbf{V}(\cdot)}_{\epsilon} n_i^{j\pm 2, k} = \frac{1}{\tau_{ii}} (C_{ii}^{jpk} + Z a_{ie}^{jpk}) n_i^{jk} + G_i^{jp} + \underbrace{\hat{B}_{ie}^{jpk}}_{\mu} n_e^{jk} + \underbrace{C_i^{(2)jp}}_{\epsilon^2}$$

$$\blacktriangleright \Omega_i \mathbf{b} \check{\times} n_i^{jp} + \hat{\Xi}_{pk}^j (d_i \ln T) n_i^{jk} = (\hat{C}_{ii}^{jpk} + \hat{A}_{ie}^{jpk}) n_i^{jk} + G_i^{jp}$$

Effective ion collision operator (for $T_i \gtrsim T_e$)

$$\Omega_i \mathbf{b} \times \check{n}_i^{jp} + \hat{\Xi}_{pk}^j (d_i \ln T) n_i^{jk} = \frac{1}{\tau_{ii}} (c_{ii}^{jpk} + \frac{1}{Z} a_{ie}^{jpk}) n_i^{jk} + G_i^{jp}$$

$$r \mathbf{b} \times \check{n}_i^{jp} n_i^{jk} = \underbrace{\left[c_{ii}^{jpk} + \frac{1}{Z} a_{ie}^{jpk} - \hat{\Xi}_{pk}^j \tau_{ii} (d_i \ln T) \right]}_{\frac{1}{Z} a_{i,\text{eff}}^{jpk}} n_i^{jk} + g_i^{jp}$$

$$d_i \ln T_i + \dots = -\frac{2}{\tau_{ii}} \left[\frac{1}{Z} \left(\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta^3}} - \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} \right) \right], \quad \theta = \frac{T_e}{T_i}$$

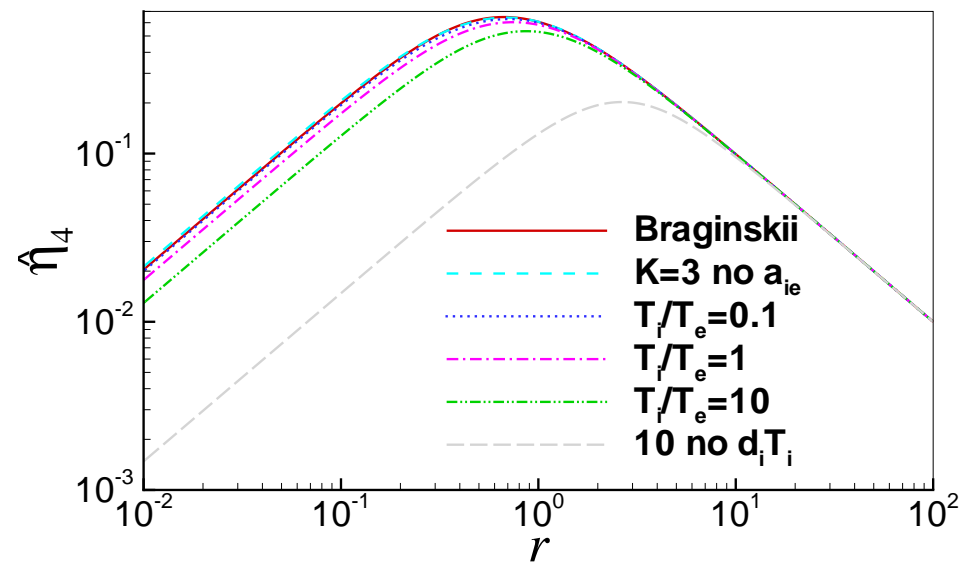
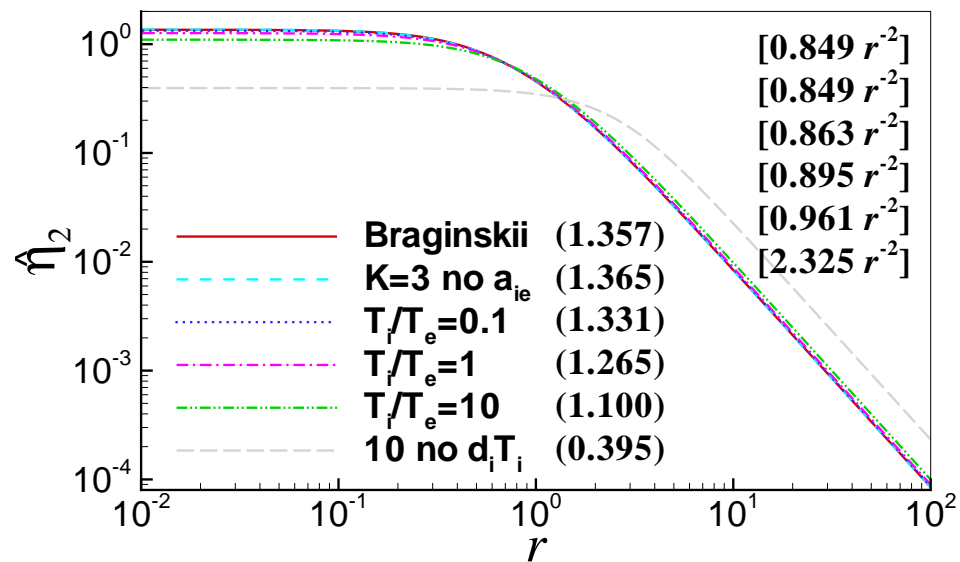
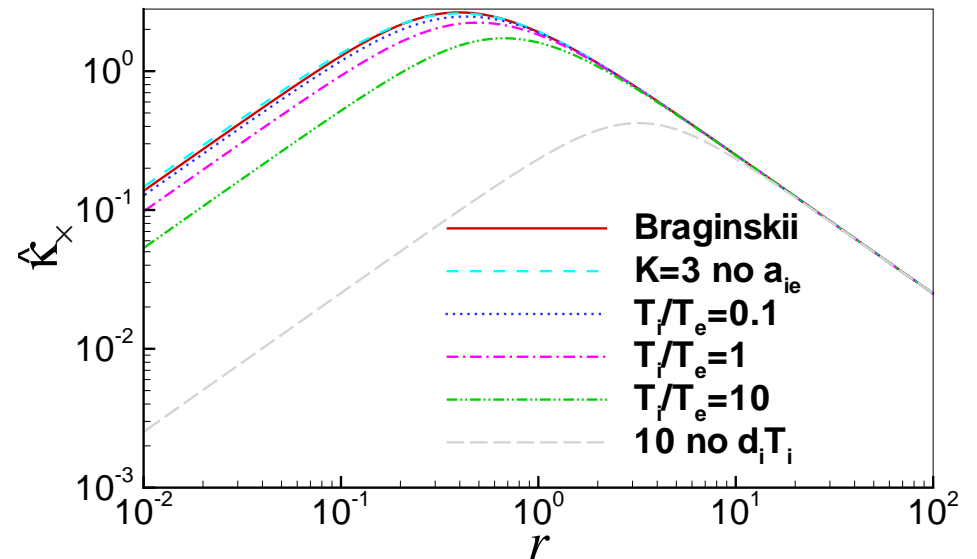
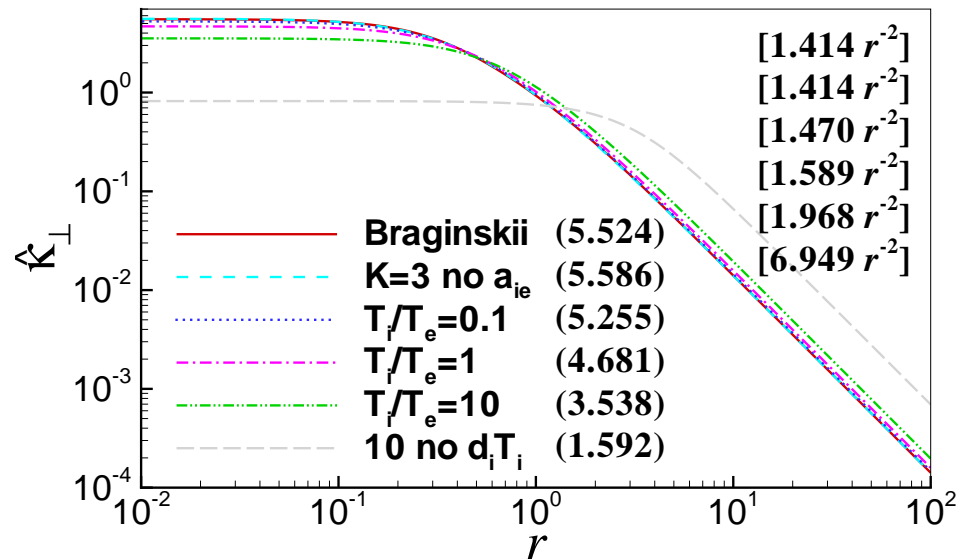
$$a_{ie}^1 = - \begin{pmatrix} 3\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta^3}} & 0 & 0 \\ 2\sqrt{7} \left(\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} - \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta^3}} \right) & 5\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta^3}} & 0 \\ 0 & 3\sqrt{6} \left(\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} - \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta^3}} \right) & 7\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta^3}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2\hat{\Xi}^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ -2\sqrt{7} & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & -3\sqrt{6} & 7 \end{pmatrix}, \quad a_{i,\text{eff}}^1 = - \begin{pmatrix} 3\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 7\sqrt{\frac{\mu}{\theta}} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Moment equations (3×3) for high collisionality

$$\begin{pmatrix} -r \mathbf{b} \times n^{11} \\ -r \mathbf{b} \times n^{12} \\ -r \mathbf{b} \times n^{13} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_{11}^1 & c_{12}^1 & c_{13}^1 \\ c_{21}^1 & c_{22}^1 & c_{23}^1 \\ c_{31}^1 & c_{32}^1 & c_{33}^1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} n^{11} \\ n^{12} \\ n^{13} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \hat{\nabla} \ln T \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Ion transport coefficients from 3×3 calculation



General closures in small gyroradius ordering $\delta = \rho/L \ll 1$

$$\hat{D}\mathbf{n} + \underbrace{\Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}}_{\delta^{-1}} = \hat{C}\mathbf{n} + \mathbf{G} \quad (\mathbf{G} = \mathbf{G}^{(0)} + \mathbf{G}^{(1)} \text{ FS}) \text{ with } \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{n}^{(0)} + \mathbf{n}^{(1)} + \mathbf{n}^{(2)} + \dots$$

- $\delta^0 : \Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}^{(0)} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathbf{n}^{lk(0)} = \frac{(2l-1)!!}{l!} n_{\parallel}^{lk(0)} \mathbf{P}^l(\mathbf{b})$

- $\delta^1 : \hat{D}\mathbf{n}^{(0)} + \Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}^{(1)} = \hat{C}\mathbf{n}^{(0)} + \mathbf{G}^{(0)}$

$$\bar{D}_{\parallel} \bar{n}_{\parallel}^{(0)} = \hat{C} \bar{n}_{\parallel}^{(0)} + \bar{G}_{\parallel}^{(0)} \Rightarrow n_{\parallel}^{jp(0)}(\ell) = \int d\ell' K^{jp,lk}(\ell - \ell') G^{lk(0)}(\ell') \quad (\underbrace{=}_\text{FS} 0)$$

$$\Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}^{l(1)} = C \mathbf{n}^{l(0)} + \mathbf{G}^{l(0)} - (\hat{D}\mathbf{n})^{l(0)} \Rightarrow \mathbf{n}_{\perp}^{l(1)}$$

- $\delta^2 : \hat{D}\mathbf{n}^{(1)} + \Omega \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}^{(2)} = \hat{C}\mathbf{n}^{(1)} + \mathbf{G}^{(1)}$

$$\bar{D}_{\parallel} \bar{n}_{\parallel}^{(1)} = \hat{C} \bar{n}_{\parallel}^{(1)} + \bar{G}_{\parallel,\text{eff}}^{(1)} \text{ where } \bar{G}_{\parallel,\text{eff}}^{(1)} = \bar{G}_{\parallel}^{(1)} - (\hat{D}\mathbf{n}_{\perp}^{(1)})_{\parallel}$$

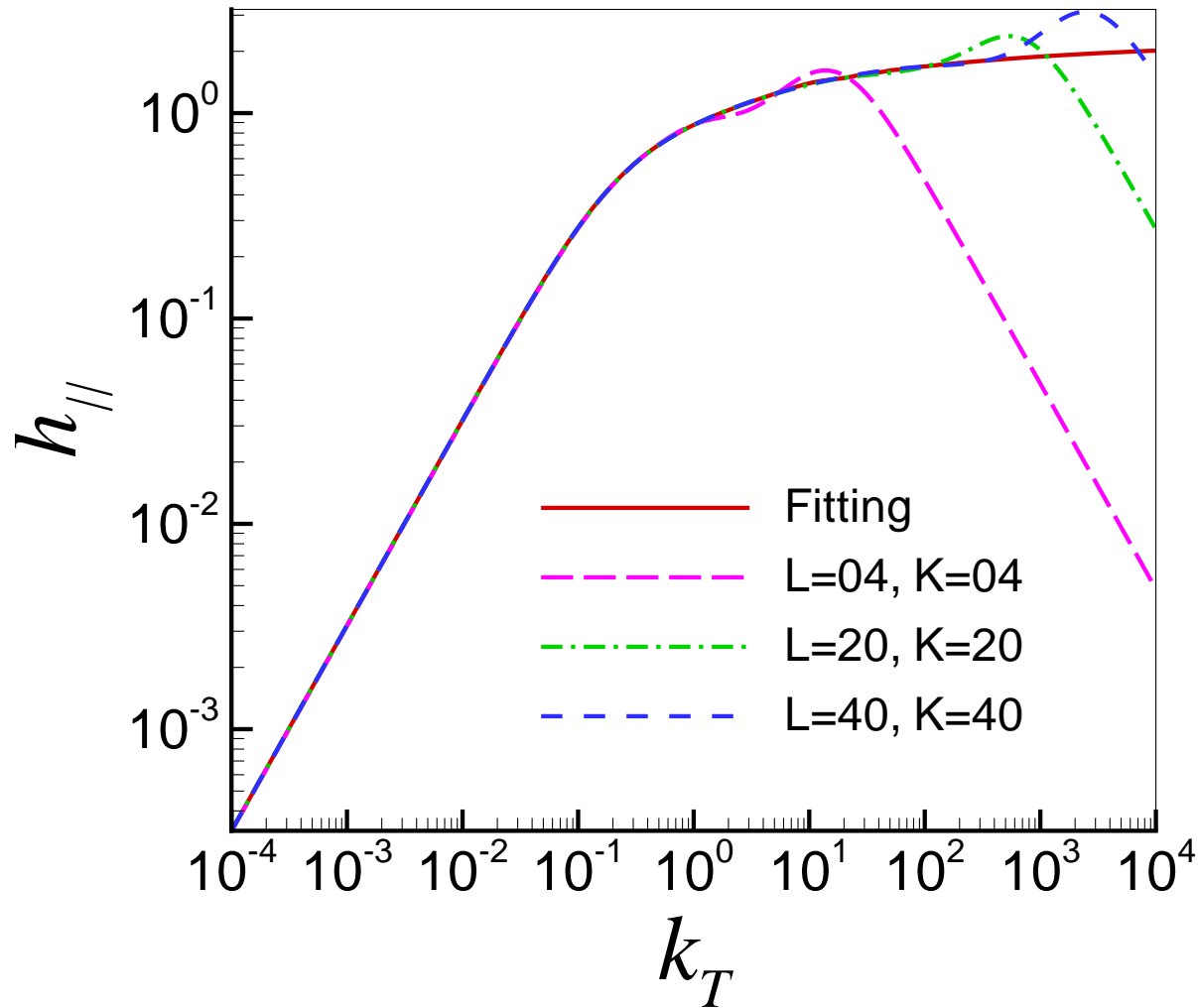
$$\Rightarrow n_{\parallel}^{jp(1)}(\ell) = \int d\ell' K^{jp,lk}(\ell - \ell') G_{\text{eff}}^{lk(1)}(\ell')$$

$$(\hat{D}\mathbf{n})^{l(1)} + \mathbf{b} \check{\times} \mathbf{n}^{l(2)} = C \mathbf{n}^{l(1)} + \mathbf{G}^{l(1)} \Rightarrow \mathbf{n}_{\perp}^{l(2)}$$

► No flux surface average, exact collision operator, general collisionality

Example: electron heat flow for $T(\ell) = T_0 + T_1 \sin k_T \ell$

A fitting formula for $K^{11,11}$ is constructed from the 1600 ($L = 40, K = 40$) parallel moment solution and the collisionless limit



Obtain simple fitting formulas for other $K^{jp, lk}$

Summary (done) and future work

- Analytical solution for a uniform single component plasma
 - Ion-electron or ion-ion equilibration (with nonlinear collision terms)
 - General 21 moment equations in NIMROD
- Closures for high collisionality ion-electron plasmas (NIMROD)
 - General mass ratio (impurities)
- General collisionality: small gyroradius (δ) ordering
 - Parallel closures for general collisionality (heat flow: NIMROD SSPX)
 - Simple form of kernel functions
 - $\nabla_{\parallel} \ln B$ effect
 - Up to δ^2 order in perpendicular transport on flux surfaces (no flux surface average)
 - Without flux surfaces
 - Apply to various fusion devices